PTO/SB/21 (02-04) Approved for use through 07/31/2006. OMB 0651-0031 U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to on of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. Application Number 09/770,729 **TRANSMITTAL** Filing Date January 26, 2001 **FORM** First Named Inventor OCT 2 2 2004 Jeff (Yefim) Zhuk Art Unit 2157 (to be used for all correspondence after initial filing) **Technology Center 2100** Examiner Name Yves Dalencourt Attorney Docket Number 8540/1(a) Total Number of Pages in This Submission **ENCLOSURES** (Check all that apply) After Allowance communication Fee Transmittal Form Drawing(s) to Technology Center (TC) Appeal Communication to Board Licensing-related Papers Fee Attached of Appeals and Interferences Appeal Communication to TC 1 Petition Amendment/Reply (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief) Petition to Convert to a Proprietary Information After Final Provisional Application Power of Attorney, Revocation Status Letter Affidavits/declaration(s) Change of Correspondence Address Other Enclosure(s) (please Terminal Disclaimer Extension of Time Request Identify below): Request for Refund **Express Abandonment Request** CD, Number of CD(s) Information Disclosure Statement Remarks Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) Response to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application Response to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53 SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT Firm Thomas S. Birney, Esq. Individual name Dorr, Carson, Sloan, Birney & Kramer, P.C. Signature Date October 15, 2004 CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION/MAILING I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO or deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as express mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on the date shown below. Express # ED 363937335 US Typed or printed name Thomas S. Birney, Esq. Date October 15, 2004 Signature

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Re:

Application of

Jeff (Yefim) Zhuk

Serial No. 09/770,729

Filed: Jan. 26, 2001

For:

Distributed Active Knowledge and

Process Base Allowing System Elements to be Shared within a

Collaborative Framework

Examiner Yves Dalencourt Art Unit 2157

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Technology Center 2100

RESPONSE

Applicant respectfully submits the following in response to the Office Action dated July 30, 2004.

Claims 1 - 23 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Grasso et al. Applicant respectfully submits that Grasso et al. disclose a network-based system that uses a single centralized server for managing the delivery of documents to subscribers. The system includes a wizard-like user interface to walk users through common tasks, such as distribution of new documents, updating documents, and setting policies and profiles for documents and users. In short, the system disclosed by Grasso et al. is essentially a type of bulletin board system (BBS) for distributing data (i.e., documents) to users. The limitations of such bulletin board systems are discussed on page 2, lines 15 et seq. of the specification.

In contrast to the present invention, nothing in Grasso et al. teaches or suggests DOTS having system elements that include processes and services, as well as data, as defined for example in claim 1, lines 8 - 9. For example, this enables users to perform

operations and use applications such as calendars, address books, chat rooms, data processors, etc. as part of a distributed system.

In addition, claim 1 requires that the DOTS include system methods that enable "addition of new system elements and modification of the functionality and content of existing system elements" (claim 1, lines 10 - 13). In other words, the DOTS include system methods that enable processes and services (as well as data) to be added and modified across the entire network to modify the way the system itself functions or to provide new functionality in a manner that is transparent to the user. Here again, Grasso et all provide for distribution of new and modified documents, but not new and modified process and services. Similar limitations are present in both of the remaining independent claims (i.e., claim 17, lines 8 - 9; and claim 21, lines 8 - 9 and 11 - 13).

The system disclosed by Grasso et al. differs in a fundamental way from the present invention. Grasso et al. teach a system with a single centralized server, which multiple clients connect to. The present system, on the other hand, teaches a distributed communications model between a plurality of DOTS. This enables different systems to share data with each other by using the same methods for different data types and applications, and to search other systems. Thus, while the system disclosed by Grasso et al. is a closed system for one enterprise (comparable to a single bulletin board system), the present system favors a large-scale global approach where different systems may use variable applications and protocols to share many types of data, processes and services.

With regard to claims 2, 3 and 6, Applicant notes that these dependent claims require user evaluations or usage value summaries associated with system elements. Dynamically ascribing values to system elements is neither taught nor suggested by Grasso et al. For example, such values could be used as a type of virtual currency to enable users to purchase elements of given values with an equal amount of currency. A user who contributes an element that subsequently becomes highly valued would receive that amount of currency, and be able to use it to purchase other system elements.

With regard to claims 9 - 10 and 17 - 23, nothing in Grasso et al. teaches or suggests a thematic search controller to search for system elements with selected parameters, or to search system elements across a plurality of DOTS.

With regard to dependent claim 15, nothing in Grasso et al. teaches or suggests a remote control feature. This feature enables a client or DOTS to control and launch processes in another DOTS. Thus, users can control documents and applications on other systems, enabling new aspects of telecommuting. For example, the system might be used to install an application that would set an alarm on a remote machine, scheduled to go off when a critical state is reached. This application could then use the remote-control feature to send a message or run an application on a given user's system in order to notify the user.

Favorable reconsideration is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

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